# ExoPlanet News An Electronic Newsletter

# No. 110, 13. August 2018

Editors: S. P. Quanz, Y. Alibert, A. Leleu, C. Mordasini NCCR PlanetS, Gesellschaftsstrasse 6, CH-3012 Bern, Switzerland

exoplanetnews@nccr-planets.ch http://nccr-planets.ch/exoplanetnews

# Contents

1	Editorial	2		
2	Abstracts of refereed papers         – Transiting planet candidate from K2 with the longest period Giles et al.         – Debris Disks: Structure, Composition, and Variability Hughes, Duchene & Matthews	<b>3</b> 3 3		
3	Jobs and Positions         – Postdoc positions in the D-A-CH project         – Two Postdoctoral Scholar Positions         Trinity College Dublin, the University of Dublin	<b>4</b> 4 6		
4	<ul> <li>Conference announcements</li> <li>AGU 2018 Session: Climate and Habitability of Rocky Planets in the Solar System and Beyond <i>Washington, DC</i></li> <li>PLATO Theory Workshop 2018 <i>Cambridge, UK</i></li> </ul>			
5	<b>Exoplanet Archive Updates</b> <ul> <li>July Updates at the NASA Exoplanet Archive <i>The NASA Exoplanet Archive team</i></li> </ul>	<b>9</b> 9		
6	<b>Announcements</b> – Fizeau exchange visitors program in optical interferometry - call for applications <i>European Interfer</i> -	11		
	ometry Initiative	11		
7	As seen on astro-ph	12		

1 EDITORIAL

# 1 Editorial

Welcome to edition 110 of the ExoPlanet News!

Thanks a lot to all of you who contributed to this issue of the newsletter! We would also like to thank those who sent us input on how to improve the website, like for example new web-links to exoplanet-related missions or projects.

As you will see, the newsletter is this time a bit shorter than normally, given the summer break. But as always, we have abstracts of new scientific papers, job ads, two conference announcements, the monthly updates from the NASA exoplanet archive, and the overview of the new articles on astro-ph.

We are looking forward to your paper abstract, job ad or meeting announcement for the coming edition of ExoPlanet News. As usual, we would also be happy to receive feedback concerning the newsletter. The Latex template for submitting contributions of any kind, as well as all previous editions of ExoPlanet News, can be found on the webpage ExoPlanet News webpage (http://nccr-planets.ch/exoplanetnews/).

The next issue will appear September 17, 2018.

Thanks for all your support and best regards from Switzerland,

Christoph Mordasini Sascha P. Quanz Yann Alibert Adrien Leleu



Univ. of Bern, Univ. of Geneva, ETH Zürich, Univ. of Zürich, EPF Lausanne The National Centers of Competence in Research (NCCR) are a research instrument of the Swiss National Science Foundation.

#### 2 ABSTRACTS OF REFEREED PAPERS

# 2 Abstracts of refereed papers

## Transiting planet candidate from K2 with the longest period

H.A.C. Giles<sup>1</sup>, H.P. Osborn<sup>2</sup>, S. Blanco-Cuaresma<sup>3</sup>, C. Lovis<sup>1</sup>, D. Bayliss<sup>4</sup>, P. Eggenberger<sup>1</sup>, A. Collier Cameron<sup>5</sup>, M.H. Kristiansen<sup>6,7</sup>, O. Turner<sup>1</sup>, F. Bouchy<sup>1</sup>, S. Udry<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Observatoire de Genève, Université de Genève, Chemin des Maillettes 51, 1290 Versoix, Switzerland

<sup>2</sup> Aix Marseille Univ, CNRS, LAM, Laboratoire d'Astrophysique de Marseille, Marseille, France

<sup>3</sup> Harvard-Smithsonian Center for Astrophysics, 60 Garden Street, Cambridge, MA 02138, USA

<sup>4</sup> Department of Physics, University of Warwick, Gibbet Hill Road, Coventry, CV4 7AL, UK

<sup>5</sup> Centre for Exoplanet Science, SUPA, School of Physics and Astronomy, University of St Andrews, North Haugh, St Andrews KY16 9SS, UK

<sup>6</sup> DTU Space, National Space Institute, Technical University of Denmark, Elektrovej 327, DK-2800 Lyngby, Denmark

<sup>7</sup> Brorfelde Observatory, Observator Gyldenkernes Vej 7, DK-4340 Tølløse, Denmark

Astronomy & Astrophysics, in press (arXiv:1806.08757)

We present the transit and follow-up of a single transit event from Campaign 14 of *K*2, EPIC248847494b, which has a duration of 54 hours and a 0.18% depth.

Using photometric tools and conducting radial velocity follow-up, we vet and characterise this very strong candidate. Owing to the long, unknown period, standard follow-up methods needed to be adapted. The transit was fitted using Namaste, and the radial velocity slope was measured and compared to a grid of planet-like orbits with varying masses and periods. These used stellar parameters measured from spectra and the distance as measured by Gaia.

Orbiting around a sub-giant star with a radius of  $2.70\pm0.12R_{Sol}$ , the planet has a radius of  $1.11^{+0.07}_{-0.07}R_{Jup}$  and a period of  $3650^{+1280}_{-1130}$  days. The radial velocity measurements constrain the mass to be lower than  $13M_{Jup}$ , which implies a planet-like object.

We have found a planet at 4.5 AU from a single-transit event. After a full radial velocity follow-up campaign, if confirmed, it will be the longest-period transiting planet discovered.

Download/Website: https://arxiv.org/abs/1806.08757

*Contact:* Helen.Giles@unige.ch

## Debris Disks: Structure, Composition, and Variability

A. M. Hughes<sup>1</sup>, G. Duchene<sup>2,3</sup>, B. C. Matthews<sup>4,5</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Department of Astronomy, Van Vleck Observatory, Wesleyan University, Middletown, Connecticut 06459, USA

<sup>2</sup> Astronomy Department, University of California, Berkeley, California 94720-3411, USA

<sup>3</sup> Universite Grenoble Alpes, CNRS, Institut d'Astrophysique et de Planetologie de Grenoble, 38000 Grenoble, France

<sup>4</sup> Herzberg Astronomy & Astrophysics Programs, National Research Council of Canada, Victoria, British Columbia V9E 2E7, Canada

<sup>5</sup> Department of Physics & Astronomy, University of Victoria, Victoria, British Columbia V8P 5C2, Canada

Annual Reviews of Astronomy and Astrophysics, in press (arXiv:1802.04313)

Debris disks are tenuous, dust-dominated disks commonly observed around stars over a wide range of ages. Those around main sequence stars are analogous to the Solar System's Kuiper Belt and Zodiacal light. The dust in debris disks is believed to be continuously regenerated, originating primarily with collisions of planetesimals. Observations of debris disks provide insight into the evolution of planetary systems; the composition of dust, comets, and planetesimals outside the Solar System; as well as placing constraints on the orbital architecture and potentially the masses of exoplanets that are not otherwise detectable. This review highlights recent advances in multiwavelength, high-resolution scattered light and thermal imaging that have revealed a complex and intricate diversity of structures in debris disks, and discusses how modeling methods are evolving with the breadth and depth of the available observations. Two rapidly advancing subfields highlighted in this review include observations of atomic and molecular gas around main sequence stars, and variations in emission from debris disks on very short (days to years) timescales, providing evidence of non-steady state collisional evolution particularly in young debris disks.

Download/Website: https://arxiv.org/abs/1802.04313

Contact: amhughes@wesleyan.edu

#### 3 JOBS AND POSITIONS

# **3** Jobs and Positions

## Postdoc positions in the D-A-CH project

#### Dr. Bastian Gundlach (TU Braunschweig) and Dr. Antoine Pommerol (Universität Bern)

Postdoc positions in the D-A-CH project Two post-doc positions are available in the D-A-CH project, an international collaboration of scientists from Germany (D), Austria (A) and Switzerland (CH). The aim of this project is to better understand the activity of comets by combining laboratory experiments on analogue materials, thermophysical modelling and analysis of observations of comets. The program will formally start at the end of 2018 for a duration of three years. During the first half of the project, preparatory experiments will be conducted at all three centers (Braunschweig, Graz and Bern). In parallel, a large simulation chamber for cometary processes will be installed at the Technische Universität Braunschweig. All project participants, scientists and other partners, will join for this last phase of the D-A-CH project, as most of the experiments will be performed in this large chamber during the second half of the project. In total, the D-A-CH project comprises four positions (three post-doctoral positions and one doctoral position), two at the Technische Universität Braunschweig, one at the Institut für Weltraumforschung Graz (IWF) and one at the Universität Bern (UB). In addition, researchers from the Max-Planck-Institut fr Sonnensystemforschung Göttingen (MPS) and from the Deutsches Zentrum für Luft- und Raumfahrt Berlin (DLR) will closely collaborate within this project. Team meetings on a regular basis are an integral part of the program to strengthen the collaboration between the groups.

### Postdoc position at the Technische Universität Braunschweig

The Institut für Geophysik und extraterrestrische Physik (IGEP) is offering a full (TVL E13; funded by DFG) postdoctoral position in the framework of the D-A-CH project for three years. The intended starting date is between September and December 2018. Within the D-A-CH project, IGEP will be responsible for the installation of the comet simulation chamber as well as for the thermophysical modelling of the experiment and of comets. This position requires a person either skilled in experiment development and construction (e.g., vacuum techniques, experiments at cryogenic temperatures, granular materials), or skilled in thermophysical modelling. Therefore, a combination of skills listed below would be particularly advantageous:

- Ability to design and install experiments, or to develop and use thermophysical models.
- Understanding of physical processes at work on comets or other icy objects (e.g., sublimation of ices, energy and mass transport processes).
- Good knowledge of the Rosetta dataset (and/or previous cometary missions).
- Ability to work in the laboratory: prepare and characterize samples, perform measurements, collect and store data and notes...
- Ability to reduce and analyze complex experimental data.
- Ability to communicate and work with colleagues from a wide range of functional backgrounds (e.g. engineering, science, management, technical, non-technical, etc.) as part of a diverse international team is essential.
- Willingness to travel.

The working language is English. Ability to communicate in German is desired but not required. Candidates should hold a PhD at the starting date of the post-doctoral contract. To apply, please submit the following documents electronically to Dr. Bastian Gundlach (b.gundlach@tu-bs.de):

- 1. Letter of motivation.
- 2. Curriculum vitae with description of previous research experiences.

### 3 JOBS AND POSITIONS

#### 3. Contact details of people who could provide a letter of reference.

Complete applications received by August 31, 2018 will receive full consideration. The position might remain open after this date if no suitable candidate has been found.

**Postdoc position at the Universität Bern** A postdoctoral research position is available in the Planetary Imaging Group (PIG) at the University of Bern (CH) to conduct laboratory experiment This position is funded by the Swiss National Science Fundation (SNSF). This post-doctoral position is funded for three years with an intended starting date between September and December 2018. The hired post-doctoral researcher will spend extensive periods of time in Braunschweig towards the end of the project. Within the D-A-CH program, Bern will be mostly responsible for the selection of analogues for the non-icy parts of the samples, in particular the organic fraction, and the measurement of the spectro-photometric properties of the samples. The profile of the hired Postdoc derives from these intended responsibilities. A combination of some of the skills listed below would be particularly advantageous:

- Knowledge of mineralogy and organic chemistry relevant for the composition of organic material.
- Good understanding of the scattering of light by surfaces.
- Understanding of physical processes at work on comets or other icy objects.
- Familiarity with the concepts and methods of optical remote-sensing and/or in-situ composition measurements.
- Good knowledge of the Rosetta dataset (and/or previous cometary missions).
- Ability to work in the laboratory: prepare and characterize samples, perform measurements, collect and store data and notes...
- Ability to reduce and analyze complex experimental data.
- Ability to communicate and work with colleagues from a wide range of functional backgrounds (e.g. engineering, science, management, technical, non-technical, etc.) as part of a diverse international team is essential.
- Willingness to travel.

The working language is English. Ability to communicate in German is also desired but not required. As a result of SNSF regulations on employment, candidates should hold a PhD for no longer than 2 years at the starting date of the post-doctoral contract. To apply, please submit the following documents electronically to Dr. Antoine Pommerol (antoine.pommerol@space.unibe.ch):

- 1. Letter of motivation.
- 2. Curriculum vitae with description of previous research experiences.
- 3. Contact details of people who could provide a letter of reference.

Complete applications received by August 31, 2018 will receive full consideration. The position might remain open after this date if no suitable candidate has been found.

Contact: b.gundlach@tu-bs.de antoine.pommerol@space.unibe.ch

### 3 JOBS AND POSITIONS

### **Two Postdoctoral Scholar Positions**

Aline Vidotto School of Physics, Trinity College Dublin, Ireland

Dublin, Start date is negotiable, but not later than June 2019

Two 3-year postdoctoral positions are available to work on modelling outflows from stars (winds) and exoplanets (atmospheric escape). The scholars will work in the group of Dr Aline Vidotto at Trinity College, Dublin, Ireland. The results of these models will be directly compared to observations of exoplanetary mass loss, such as those provided by the "CUTE" cubesat mission.

**Basic qualifications:** Candidates should have obtained by the starting date a PhD in Astronomy, Physics or related scientific field. Applicants should have experience with numerical and/or theoretical models of astrophysical flows. Experience with MHD modelling is desirable.

**Start:** The starting dates of the positions are negotiable, and could be as early as November 2018, but no later than June 2019.

**Duration and salary:** The length of each contract is 3 years. Salaries of postdoctoral researchers follow the Irish University Associations salary scale, with a gross salary of EUR36,854 in the first year (Point 1 at Level 2) and one Point increment per year from thereafter. Funds for conference travel (EUR3,000 per year) and computer resources will also be available. These positions are pensionable.

**How to apply:** Interested candidates should send a cover letter together with a full CV, a summary of their research activities and publication list to astro.jobs@tcd.ie. Please use the subject line "IRC Laureate project fellow application". Candidates should arrange for three letters of recommendation to be sent directly to the same email address. Complete applications received by 16 September 2018 will receive full consideration. After this date, applications will be considered depending on availability. These positions will remain open until filled.

*Download/Website:* https://www.tcd.ie/Physics/research/groups/vidotto/ *Contact:* astro.jobs@tcd.ie

#### 4 CONFERENCE ANNOUNCEMENTS

# **4** Conference announcements

### AGU 2018 Session: Climate and Habitability of Rocky Planets in the Solar System and Beyond

D. Koll<sup>1</sup>, J. Checlair<sup>2</sup>, T. Komacek<sup>2</sup>, S. Ranjan<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup> Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Cambridge, MA

<sup>2</sup> University of Chicago, Chicago, IL

#### American Geophysical Union Meeting, Dec. 10-14, 2018

Recent advances in understanding the early habitability of Mars and Venus, the imminent exploration of rocky exoplanets by the James Webb Space Telescope, and mission proposals to search for life in the outer Solar system motivate us to consider planetary habitability from a wide range of angles.

Questions of particular interest include: What does the solar system tell us about the habitability of exoplanets, and how can exoplanets inform our understanding of habitability? What drives Earth's long-term climatic stability and how will it end? What planetary conditions affect the emergence and maintenance of life, such as long-term volatile cycling or the evolution of a planet's host star? Finally, what insight can we glean from lifeless worlds about the conditions necessary for sustaining life?

We invite studies that use observations, experiments, and theory to expand our understanding of the climates and habitability of rocky planets in our Solar System and beyond.

Confirmed speakers include: Brad Foley (Penn State) *Download/Website:* https://agu.confex.com/agu/fm18/prelim.cgi/Session/45719 *Contact:* tkomacek@uchicago.edu

## PLATO Theory Workshop 2018

Richard Nelson, Mark Wyatt

### Institute of Astronomy, University of Cambridge, UK, 3 December 2018 - 5 December 2018

PLATO was adopted as ESA's M3 mission in June 2017, and is currently scheduled for launch in 2026. The mission is designed to discover and characterise thousands of extrasolar planets through a combination of space-based transit detections, a ground-based radial velocity follow-up programme and asteroseismic characterisation of the host stars, yielding accurate masses, radii and ages for the detected planetary systems. The unique capabilities of the PLATO mission will allow it to discover and characterise a broad diversity of exoplanets and planetary system architectures, including terrestrial planets in the habitable zones of their stars.

PLATO's key science goals include understanding the formation and evolution of planetary systems, and this goal will be achieved by using theoretical models of planetary system formation and evolution to interpret the observations. A number of theory Work Packages have been established to provide a focus for the theoretical work that needs to be undertaken in time for the mission launch. The primary purpose of this meeting is to provide an opportunity for members of these work packages to present and discuss recent relevant work, and to plan for future activities. Researchers who are not yet involved in the mission, but who are interested in becoming involved, will also be welcome to attend and present their work. More information about the theory packages can be found on the meeting website.

### 4 CONFERENCE ANNOUNCEMENTS

The plan for this two and half day meeting is to organise the sessions according to the various work packages that comprise the PLATO theory programme focussing on the formation and dynamical evolution of planetary systems. When registering and submitting a title and abstract for a presentation (oral or poster), it would be useful in you could indicate which work package you wish to be affiliated with for the purpose of organising the sessions. The end of the workshop is scheduled to overlap with the PLATO Week 7 meeting that will be held at the IoA from 5-7 December.

### Key dates: abstract and registration deadline 2 November 2018

*Download/Website:* https://www.ast.cam.ac.uk/meetings/2018/plato.theory.2018 *Contact:* r.p.nelson@qmul.ac.uk,wyatt@ast.cam.ac.uk

### 5 EXOPLANET ARCHIVE UPDATES

# 5 Exoplanet Archive Updates

# July Updates at the NASA Exoplanet Archive

#### The NASA Exoplanet Archive team

Caltech/IPAC-NASA Exoplanet Science Institute, MC 100-22 Pasadena CA 91125

Pasadena CA USA, August 13, 2018

### July 19, 2018

Two new confirmed planets were added this week: CoRoT-20 c and IC 4651 9122 b. These planets bring the archive's total confirmed planet count to **3,774**. If you submitted a guess in our #Exoplanets2018 contest last January, we still have 29 possible winners! Are you one of them? Let us know through social media.

We've also made some updates to the default columns in the Confirmed Planets and Composite Planet Data tables:

Column	Table	What Changed
Planet Name (pl_name)	Confirmed Planets	Changed from non-default to a default column
Discovery Facility (pl_facility)	<b>Confirmed Planets</b>	Changed from a non-default to a default column
Planet Name (fpl_name)	Composite Planet Data	Added as a new column and set as a default
Year of Discovery (fpl_disc)	Composite Planet Data	Added as a new column and set as a default

\* A default column is a parameter that automatically displays in an interactive table upon initial loading, or when an API query requests all default columns. Please update your API queries accordingly! (http://bit.ly/2JG8Xy0)

### July 13, 2018

We've added 24 new K2 planets, all from Campaign 10, published in Livingston et al. 2018, as well as new planet parameter sets for 22 K2 planets from the same paper. The new planets are:

K2-158, K2-224 c, K2-241 b, K2-242 b & K2-243 b & c K2-244 b, K2-245 b, K2-246 b, K2-247 b & c, K2-248 b, K2-249 b, K2-250 b, K2-251 b, K2-252 b & K2-253 b, K2-254 b & c, K2-255 b, K2-256 b, K2-257 b, K2-258 b, K2-259 b

Find their data and default parameter sets in the Confirmed Planets table (http://bit.ly/2MqFnub), or ALL of their published parameter sets in the Extended Planet Data table (http://bit.ly/2NLy1Ci). You may also view a combined parameter set for each planet listed above in the Composite Planet Data table (http://bit.ly/2184Qw9). See the June 15, 2018 news item for details.

Additionally, the following planets have new parameter sets that can be accessed in the Extended Planet Data table:

K2-106 b, K2-131 b, K2-140 b, K2-152 b, K2-153 b, K2-154 b & c, K2-156 b, K2-158 b, K2-159 b, K2-162 b, K2-224 b, K2-225 b, K2-226 b, K2-228 b, K2-229 b & c, K2-230 b, K2-233 b & c, and HD 106315 b & c

July 5, 2018

### 5 EXOPLANET ARCHIVE UPDATES

This week we have added 13 new planets! These include:

EPIC 229426032 b and EPIC 246067459 b, OGLE-2017-BLG-1140L b, GJ 1132 c, K2-239 b, c, & d, K2-240 b & c, OGLE-2017-BLG-0482L b, OGLE-2014-BLG-1722L b & c, and HAT-P-11 c

There are also several additions to stellar and planet parameters for GJ 1132 b, WASP-47 b, c, d, & e, K2-106 b & c, HAT-P-11 b, GJ 9827 b, c & d, and updated masses for 49 planets from Hadden & Lithwick 2017.

We have also added transmission spectra for WASP-127 b, HAT-P-26 b, WASP-107 b, WASP-96 b, and GJ 1132 b, two emission spectra for WASP-18 b, and microlensing parameter sets for OGLE-2017-BLG-0482L b and OGLE-2017-BLG-1140L b.

We have also made a series of changes to the database column names for the Microlensing Table (http://bit. ly/2JQr180). Specifically, we have:

- changed the database column name for "Angular Einstein Radius [mas]" (from mlradein to mlradeinang),
- changed the database column name for the "Instantaneous Planet-star Projected and Normalized Separation" (from mlsmaxpnorm to mlsepinsnorp),
- removed the database column "Degeneracy Type" (mllensseptype), and
- added the database column "Planet Mass [Earth mass]" (mlmassplne).

Please make sure to change your API queries accordingly! (http://bit.ly/2JG8Xy0)

And finally, we have added the K2 Campaign 17 and 18 Targets, which are now available through the K2 Targets Search interface (http://bit.ly/20TAkDS). To see the list, enter 17 or 18 as a K2 Campaign column constraint and click Submit Search.

Download/Website: https://exoplanetarchive.ipac.caltech.edu
Contact: mharbut@caltech.edu

### 6 ANNOUNCEMENTS

# 6 Announcements

# Fizeau exchange visitors program in optical interferometry - call for applications

European Interferometry Initiative

www.european-interferometry.eu, application deadline: Sep. 15

The Fizeau exchange visitors program in optical interferometry funds (travel and accommodation) visits of researchers to an institute of his/her choice (within the European Community) to perform collaborative work and training on one of the active topics of the European Interferometry Initiative. The visits will typically last for one month, and strengthen the network of astronomers engaged in technical, scientific and training work on optical/infrared interferometry. The program is open for all levels of astronomers (Ph.D. students to tenured staff), with priority given to PhD students and young postdocs. Non-EU based missions will only be funded if considered essential by the Fizeau Committee. Applicants are strongly encouraged to seek also partial support from their home or host institutions.

The deadline for applications is September 15. Fellowships can be awarded for missions to be carried out between November 2018 and April 2019!

Further informations and application forms can be found at: www.european-interferometry.eu The program is funded by OPTICON/H2020.

Please distribute this message also to potentially interested colleagues outside of your community!

Looking forward to your applications, Josef Hron & Péter Ábrahám (for the European Interferometry Initiative) *Download/Website:* http://www.european-interferometry.eu *Contact:* fizeau@european-interferometry.eu

# 7 As seen on astro-ph

The following list contains all the entries relating to exoplanets and related subjects that we spotted on astro-ph during July 2018.

- astro-ph/1807.00007: Kepler Object of Interest Network II. Photodynamical modelling of Kepler-9 over 8 years of transit observations by J. Freudenthal et al.
- astro-ph/1807.00012: Photoevaporation and High-Eccentricity Migration Created the Sub-Jovian Desert by James E. Owen, Dong Lai
- astro-ph/1807.00024: The warm Neptunes around HD 106315 have low stellar obliquities by *George Zhou et al.*
- astro-ph/1807.00096: **Predicting radial-velocity jitter induced by stellar oscillations based on Kepler data** by *Jie Yu et al.*
- astro-ph/1807.00133: Equilibrium Points and Orbits around Asteroid with the Full Gravitational Potential Caused by the 3D Irregular Shape by Yu Jiang
- astro-ph/1807.00378: The Impact of Stellar Distances on Habitable Zone Planets by Stephen R. Kane

astro-ph/1807.00549: The orbital eccentricity of small planet systems by Vincent Van Eylen et al.

- astro-ph/1807.00577: Stellar contributions to the line profiles of high-resolution transmission spectra of exoplanets by *Francesco Borsa, Andrea Zannoni*
- astro-ph/1807.00657: The GJ 504 system revisited. Combining interferometric, radial velocity, and high contrast imaging data by *M. Bonnefoy et al.*
- astro-ph/1807.00773: **The TROY project: II. Multi-technique constraints on exotrojans in nine planetary systems** by *J. Lillo-Box et al.*
- astro-ph/1807.00869: An extended hydrogen envelope of the extremely hot giant exoplanet KELT-9b by *Fei* Yan, Thomas Henning
- astro-ph/1807.01229: A 4.6-year period brown-dwarf companion interacting with the hot-Jupiter CoRoT-20 b by J. Rey et al.
- astro-ph/1807.01263: Quantifying the Observational Effort Required for the Radial Velocity Characterization of TESS Planets by *Ryan Cloutier et al.*
- astro-ph/1807.01324: Imaging radial velocity planets with SPHERE by A. Zurlo et al.

astro-ph/1807.01326: Constraining the presence of giant planets in two-belt debris disk systems with VLT/SPHERE direct imaging and dynamical arguments by *Elisabeth Matthews et al.* 

- astro-ph/1807.01330: Centaurs potentially in retrograde co-orbit resonance with Saturn by Miao Li, Yukun Huang, Shengping Gong
- astro-ph/1807.01402: The 0.6-4.55µm broadband transmission spectra of TRAPPIST-1 planets by *E. Ducrot* et al.
- astro-ph/1807.01429: Formation of Solar system analogues II: post-gas phase growth and water accretion in extended discs via N-body simulations by *M.P.Ronco*, *G.C.de Elía*
- astro-ph/1807.02064: Mineralogy, Structure and Habitability of Carbon-enriched Rocky Exoplanets: A Laboratory Approach by *Kaustubh Hakim et al.*
- astro-ph/1807.02217: **TTV-determined Masses for Warm Jupiters and their Close Planetary Companions** by *Dong-Hong Wu et al.*
- astro-ph/1807.02271: The influence of stellar flare on dynamical state of the atmosphere of exoplanet HD 209458 by D. V. Bisikalo et al.
- astro-ph/1807.02463: Giant planet effects on terrestrial planet formation and system architecture by Anna C. Childs et al.
- astro-ph/1807.02483: Minimizing the bias in exoplanet detection application to radial velocities of LHS 1140 by Fabo Feng, Mikko Tuomi, Hugh R. A. Jones
- astro-ph/1807.02516: Element history of the Laplace resonance: a dynamical approach by Fabrizio Paita,

Alessandra Celletti, Giuseppe Pucacco

- astro-ph/1807.02610: White Dwarf Pollution by Asteroids from Secular Resonances by Jeremy L. Smallwood et al.
- astro-ph/1807.02638: **Dust evolution and satellitesimal formation in circumplanetary disks** by *Joanna Drazkowska, Judit Szulágyi*
- astro-ph/1807.03193: First determination of the temperature of a lunar impact flash and its evolution by *J.M. Madiedo, J.L. Ortiz, N. Morales*
- astro-ph/1807.03213: **Modeling the measurement accuracy of pre-atmosphere velocities of meteoroids** by *Denis Vida, Peter G. Brown, Margaret Campbell-Brown*
- astro-ph/1807.03925: Krypton isotopes and noble gas abundances in the coma of comet 67P/Churyumov-Gerasimenko by *Martin Rubin et al.*
- astro-ph/1807.04301: The 55 Cnc system reassessed by V.Bourrier et al.
- astro-ph/1807.04417: Effect of the exoplanet magnetic field topology on its magnetospheric radio emission by *J. Varela et al.*
- astro-ph/1807.04420: Diffuser-assisted Photometric Follow-up Observations of the Neptune-sized Planets K2-28b and K2-100b by *Gudmundur Stefansson et al.*
- astro-ph/1807.04443: Polarized Radiative Transfer in Planetary Atmospheres and the Polarization of Exoplanets by Jeremy Bailey, Lucyna Kedziora-Chudczer, Kimberly Bott
- astro-ph/1807.04529: **ExoMol molecular line lists XXX: a complete high-accuracy line list for water** by *Oleg L. Polyansky et al.*
- astro-ph/1807.04776: The Inner Solar System's Habitability Through Time by Anthony D. Del Genio et al.
- astro-ph/1807.04877: Gravitational Waves From Ultra Short Period Exoplanets by J. V. Cunha, F. E. Silva, J. A. S. Lima
- astro-ph/1807.04924: Microphysics of KCl and ZnS Clouds on GJ 1214b by Peter Gao, Björn Benneke
- astro-ph/1807.05136: Exoplanet Atmosphere Measurements from Direct Imaging by Beth A. Biller, Mickaël Bonnefoy
- astro-ph/1807.05235: The Hawaii Infrared Parallax Program. III. 2MASS J0249-0557 c: A Wide Planetarymass Companion to a Low-mass Binary in the beta Pic Moving Group by *Trent J. Dupuy et al.*
- astro-ph/1807.05291: LASSO: Large Adaptive optics Survey for Substellar Objects using the new SAPHIRA detector on Robo-AO by Maissa Salama et al.
- astro-ph/1807.05305: The Origin of Heavy Element Content Trend in Giant Planets via Core Accretion by *Yasuhiro Hasegawa et al.*
- astro-ph/1807.05865: EPIC 220501947 b and K2-237 b: two transiting hot Jupiters by A. M. S. Smith et al.
- astro-ph/1807.05898: The orbital architecture and debris disks of the HR 8799 planetary system by Krzysztof Gozdziewski, Cezary Migaszewski
- astro-ph/1807.05901: Dynamical evolution of triple-star systems by Lidov-Kozai cycles and tidal friction by Manon Bataille, Anne-Sophie Libert, Alexandre C. M. Correia
- astro-ph/1807.06033: Metallicity-Dependent Signatures in the Kepler Planets by James E. Owen, Ruth Murray-Clay
- astro-ph/1807.06102: What Does "Metallicity" Mean When Interpreting Spectra of Exoplanetary Atmospheres? by Kevin Heng
- astro-ph/1807.06121: Fast focal plane wavefront sensing on ground-based telescopes by *Benjamin L. Gerard et al.*
- astro-ph/1807.06123: Atmospheric Circulation and Thermal Phase-Curve Offset of Tidally and Non-Tidally Locked Terrestrial Exoplanets by James Penn, Geoffrey K Vallis
- astro-ph/1807.06364: Analysis of the September  $\epsilon$ -Perseid outburst in 2013 by J. M. Madiedo et al.
- astro-ph/1807.06492: Vortex Formation and Survival in Protoplanetary Disks subject to Vertical Shear Instability by Natascha Manger, Hubert Klahr
- astro-ph/1807.06548: Discovery of three new transiting hot Jupiters: WASP-161 b, WASP-163 b and WASP-

170 b by K. Barkaoui et al.

- astro-ph/1807.06561: MOPSS I: Flat Optical Spectra for the Hot Jupiters WASP-4 b and WASP-52b by E. M. May et al.
- astro-ph/1807.06647: Dynamical Evolution of the Early Solar System by David Nesvorny
- astro-ph/1807.06844: Evolution of Earth-like extrasolar planetary atmospheres: Assessing the atmospheres and biospheres of early Earth analog planets with a coupled atmosphere biogeochemical model by *S. Gebauer et al.*
- astro-ph/1807.06973: WASP-147b, 160Bb, 164b and 165b: two hot Saturns and two Jupiters, including two planets with metal-rich hosts by *M. Lendl et al.*
- astro-ph/1807.07098: The first super-Earth Detection from the High Cadence and High Radial Velocity Precision Dharma Planet Survey by *Bo Ma et al.*
- astro-ph/1807.07557: **WASP-128b: a transiting brown dwarf in the dynamical-tide regime** by *V. Hodžić et al.* astro-ph/1807.07609: **Atmospheric Escape and the Evolution of Close-in Exoplanets** by *James E. Owen*
- astro-ph/1807.07668: **Survival of non-coplanar, closely-packed planetary systems after a close encounter** by *David R. Rice, Frederic A. Rasio, Jason H. Steffen*
- astro-ph/1807.07894: The edge of space: Revisiting the Karman Line by Jonathan C. McDowell
- astro-ph/1807.07956: **Strength, stability and three dimensional structure of mean motion resonances in the Solar System** by *Tabare Gallardo*
- astro-ph/1807.07973: Chromatic transit light curves of disintegrating rocky planets by A. R. Ridden-Harper et al.
- astro-ph/1807.08209: **The HOSTS Survey for Exozodiacal Dust: Preliminary results and future prospects** by *S. Ertel et al.*
- astro-ph/1807.08210: Prospects for the characterisation of exo-zodiacal dust with the VLTI by S. Ertel et al.
- astro-ph/1807.08322: **Pre-airburst Orbital Evolution of Earth's Impactor 2018 LA: An Update** by *C. de la Fuente Marcos, R. de la Fuente Marcos*
- astro-ph/1807.08433: Atmospheric Circulation of Brown Dwarfs and Jupiter and Saturn-like Planets: Zonal Jets, Long-term Variability, and QBO-type Oscillations by Adam P. Showman, Xianyu Tan, Xi Zhang
- astro-ph/1807.08453: Color Classification of Extrasolar Giant Planets: Prospects and Cautions by Natasha E. Batalha et al.
- astro-ph/1807.08687: SPOTS: The Search for Planets Orbiting Two Stars. III. Complete Sample and Statistical Analysis by *Ruben Asensio-Torres et al.*
- astro-ph/1807.08799: WEIRD: Wide-orbit Exoplanet search with InfraRed Direct imaging by *Frédérique* Baron et al.
- astro-ph/1807.08847: Parametric Study of the Rossby Wave Instability in a Two-dimensional Barotropic Disk II: Non-Linear Calculations by *Tomohiro Ono et al.*
- astro-ph/1807.08890: Modeled Temperature-Dependent Clouds with Radiative Feedback in Hot Jupiter Atmospheres by *Michael Roman, Emily Rauscher*
- astro-ph/1807.09354: Reconciling the predictions of microlensing analysis with radial velocity measurements for OGLE-2011-BLG-0417 by *E. Bachelet et al.*
- astro-ph/1807.09504: A more comprehensive habitable zone for finding life on other planets by *Ramses M. Ramirez*
- astro-ph/1807.09608: Planets around evolved intermediate-mass stars in open clusters II. Are there really planets around IC4651No9122, NGC2423No3 and NGC4349No127? by *E. Delgado Mena et al.*
- astro-ph/1807.09635: Chemistry During the Gas-rich Stage of Planet Formation by Edwin A. Bergin, L. Ilsedore Cleeves
- astro-ph/1807.10077: High-temperature Dust Condensation around an AGB Star: Evidence from a Highly Pristine Presolar Corundum by Aki Takigawa et al.
- astro-ph/1807.10107: Transiting Exoplanet Monitoring Project (TEMP). I. Refined System Parameters and Transit Timing Variations of HAT-P-29b by Songhu Wang et al.

- astro-ph/1807.10266: **Traces of exomoons in computed flux and polarization phase curves of starlight reflected by exoplanets** by *Javier Berzosa Molina, Loic Rossi, Daphne M. Stam*
- astro-ph/1807.10298: EPIC 246851721 b: A Tropical Jupiter Transiting a Rapidly Rotating Star in a Well-Aligned Orbit by *Liang Yu et al.*
- astro-ph/1807.10616: Evolution of Earth-like planetary atmospheres around M-dwarf stars: Assessing the atmospheres and biospheres with a coupled atmosphere biogeochemical model by S. Gebauer et al.
- astro-ph/1807.10621: **The atmosphere of WASP-17b: Optical high-resolution transmission spectroscopy** by *Sara Khalafinejad et al.*
- astro-ph/1807.10652: ACCESS: A featureless optical transmission spectrum for WASP-19b from Magellan/IMACS by Néstor Espinoza et al.
- astro-ph/1807.10766: Magellan Adaptive Optics Imaging of PDS 70: Measuring the Mass Accretion Rate of a Young Giant Planet within a Gapped Disk by *Kevin Wagner et al.*
- astro-ph/1807.10769: Diagnosing aerosols in extrasolar giant planets with cross-correlation function of water bands by *Lorenzo Pino et al.*
- astro-ph/1807.10776: Two Different Grain Size Distributions within the Protoplanetary Disk around HD 142527 Revealed by ALMA Polarization Observation by Satoshi Ohashi et al.
- astro-ph/1807.10835: Predicting the Orbit of TRAPPIST-1i by David Kipping
- astro-ph/1807.10871: Slowing Down Type II Migration of Gas Giants to Match Observational Data by Shigeru Ida et al.
- astro-ph/1807.11129: **Expected Yields of Planet discoveries from the TESS primary and extended missions** by *Chelsea X. Huang et al.*
- astro-ph/1807.11442: A Catalog of Spectra, Albedos, and Colors of Solar System Bodies for Exoplanet Comparison by J. H. Madden, Lisa Kaltenegger
- astro-ph/1807.11536: Using warm dust to constrain unseen planets by Amy Bonsor et al.
- astro-ph/1807.11920: Supermassive Hot Jupiters Provide More Favourable Conditions for the Generation of Radio Emission via the Cyclotron Maser Instability - A Case Study Based on Tau Bootis b by C. Weber et al.
- astro-ph/1807.11922: Precovery of TESS Single Transits with KELT by Xinyu Yao et al.
- astro-ph/1807.11925: **55 Cancri (Copernicus): A Multi-Planet System with a Hot Super-Earth and a Jupiter Analogue** by *Debra A. Fischer*
- astro-ph/1807.00111: An Expanded Gas-Grain Model for Interstellar Glycine by Taiki Suzuki et al.
- astro-ph/1807.00439: Remarks on Chebyshev representation of ephemeris by Yanning Fu
- astro-ph/1807.01318: The gravitational mass of Proxima Centauri measured with SPHERE from a microlensing event by A. Zurlo et al.
- astro-ph/1807.01474: **Star-planet interactions. V. Dynamical and equilibrium tides in convective zones** by *Suvrat Rao et al.*
- astro-ph/1807.01908: MuSCAT2: 4-color Simultaneous Camera for the 1.52m Telescopio Carlos Sánchez by *Norio Narita et al.*
- astro-ph/1807.02960: Outer solar system possibly shaped by a stellar fly-by by Susanne Pfalzner et al.
- astro-ph/1807.03037: Observations of Near-Earth Optical Transients with the Lomonosov Space Observatory by V.M. Lipunov et al.
- astro-ph/1807.03196: On the incidence of planet candidates in open clusters and a planet confirmation by *I*. *C. Leão et al.*
- astro-ph/1807.03406: Spectrally Resolved Mid-Infrared Molecular Emission from Protoplanetary Disks and the Chemical Fingerprint of Planetesimal Formation by *Joan R. Najita et al.*
- astro-ph/1807.03846: Solar Models with dynamic screening and early mass loss tested by helioseismic, astrophysical, and planetary constraints by Suzannah R. Wood, Katie Mussack, Joyce A. Guzik
- astro-ph/1807.04295: **Evidence of a past disc-disc encounter: HV and DO Tau** by *Andrew J. Winter, Richard A. Booth, Cathie J. Clarke*

- astro-ph/1807.04311: **Optical and mechanical design of the extreme AO coronagraphic instrument MagAO-X** by *Laird M. Close et al.*
- astro-ph/1807.04315: MagAO-X: project status and first laboratory results by Jared R. Males et al.
- astro-ph/1807.04341: Real-time estimation and correction of quasi-static aberrations in ground-based high contrast imaging systems with high frame-rates by *Alexander T. Rodack et al.*
- astro-ph/1807.04361: The hunt for Sirius Ab: Comparison of algorithmic sky and PSF estimation performance in deep coronagraphic thermal-IR high contrast imaging by *Joseph D. Long et al.*
- astro-ph/1807.04370: Characterization of deformable mirrors for the MagAO-X project by *Kyle Van Gorkom et al.*
- astro-ph/1807.04379: **Phase-induced amplitude apodization complex mask coronagraph tolerancing and analysis** by *Justin M. Knight et al.*
- astro-ph/1807.04419: A locking clamp that enables high thermal and vibrational stability for kinematic optical mounts by *Maggie Kautz, Laird M. Close, Jared R. Males*
- astro-ph/1807.04729: Modeling coronagraphic extreme wavefront control systems for high contrast imaging in ground and space telescope missions by *Jennifer Lumbres et al.*
- astro-ph/1807.04886: Robust Transiting Exoplanet Radii in the Presence of Starspots from Ingress and Egress Durations by *Brett M. Morris et al.*
- astro-ph/1807.05070: **Status of MagAO and review of astronomical science with visible light adaptive optics** by *Laird M. Close et al.*
- astro-ph/1807.05231: Carbon Chain Molecules Toward Embedded Low-Mass Protostars by Charles J. Law et al.
- astro-ph/1807.05267: **Photosynthesis on a planet orbiting an M dwarf: enhanced effectiveness during flares** by *D. J. Mullan, H. P. Bais*
- astro-ph/1807.05784: Modelling mid-infrared molecular emission lines from T Tauri stars by P. Woitke et al.
- astro-ph/1807.06012: The TRENDS High-Contrast Imaging Survey. VII. Discovery of a Nearby Sirius-like White Dwarf System (HD 169889) by Justin R. Crepp et al.
- astro-ph/1807.06017: Chemo-kinematic ages of eccentric-planet-hosting M dwarf stars by Mark J. Veyette, Philip S. Muirhead
- astro-ph/1807.06088: **Exoplanet science with a space-based mid-infrared nulling interferometer** by *Sascha P. Quanz et al.*
- astro-ph/1807.07179: Characterization of lemniscate atmospheric aberrations in Gemini Planet Imager data by Alexander Madurowicz et al.
- astro-ph/1807.07895: A WISE Survey of Circumstellar disks in the Upper Scorpius Association by T. L. Esplin et al.
- astro-ph/1807.09080: SKA-Athena Synergy White Paper by R. Cassano et al.
- astro-ph/1807.09365: New rotation period measurements for M dwarfs in the southern hemisphere: an abundance of slowly rotating, fully convective stars by *Elisabeth R. Newton et al.*
- astro-ph/1807.09631: **The determination of protoplanetary disk masses** by *Edwin A. Bergin, Jonathan P. Williams*
- astro-ph/1807.09847: A Truly Global EUV Wave From the SOL2017-09-10 X8.2 Solar Flare-CME Eruption by Wei Liu et al.
- astro-ph/1807.09880: Dynamical Masses of Eps Ind B and C: Two Massive Brown Dwarfs at the Edge of the Stellar-Substellar Boundary by Sergio B. Dieterich et al.
- astro-ph/1807.09996: Characterizing the atmosphere of Proxima b with a space-based mid-infrared nulling interferometer by *D. Defrère et al.*
- astro-ph/1807.10807: Four winters of photometry with ASTEP South at Dome C, Antarctica by N. Crouzet et al.

astro-ph/1807.10912: Detecting solar system objects with convolutional neural networks by *Maggie Lieu et al.* astro-ph/1807.10942: How Nanoflares Produce Kinetic Waves, Nano-Type III Radio Bursts, and Non-Thermal

Electrons in the Solar Wind by H. Che

- astro-ph/1807.11423: Stellar Surface Magneto-Convection as a Source of Astrophysical Noise II. Center-to-Limb Parameterisation of Absorption Line Profiles and Comparison to Observations by *H. M. Cegla et al.*
- astro-ph/1807.11555: Planet Formation Imager: Project Update by John D. Monnier et al.
- astro-ph/1807.11558: Ultraviolet Flux Decrease Under a Grand Minimum from IUE Short Wavelength Observation of Solar Analogs by Dan Lubin, Carl Melis, David Tytler
- astro-ph/1807.11559: The Planet Formation Imager by John D. Monnier et al.
- astro-ph/1807.11591: The Efficiency of Geometric Samplers for Exoplanet Transit Timing Variation Models by *Noah W. Tuchow et al.*
- astro-ph/1807.01167: **Density vs. tracer statistics in compressible turbulence: phase transition to multifractality** by *Itzhak Fouxon, Michael Mond*
- astro-ph/1807.02405: Simple geometric approximations for global atmospheres on moderately oblate planets by *Thomas Dubos*
- astro-ph/1807.06095: Nonlinear librations of distant retrograde orbits: a perturbative approach The Hill problem case by *Martin Lara*
- astro-ph/1807.08879: Relative Likelihood of Success in the Searches for Primitive versus Intelligent Extraterrestrial Life by Manasvi Lingam, Abraham Loeb